D = 8 cm

Air V = 50 km/h $T_{\infty} = 7^{\circ}\text{C}$

12-68 A steam pipe is exposed to windy air. The rate of heat loss from the steam is to be determined. $\sqrt{\text{Assumptions 1}}$ Steady operating conditions exist. 2 Radiation effects are negligible. 3 Air is an ideal gas with constant properties.

Properties The properties of air at 1 atm and the film temperature of $(T_s + T_{\infty})/2 = (90+7)/2 = 48.5$ °C are (Table A-22)

$$k = 0.02724 \text{ W/m.}^{\circ}\text{C}$$

 $v = 1.784 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^{2}/\text{s}$
 $Pr = 0.7232$

Analysis The Reynolds number is

$$Re = \frac{VD}{v} = \frac{[(50 \text{ km/h})(1000 \text{ m/km})/(3600 \text{ s/h})](0.08 \text{ m})}{1.784 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}} = 6.228 \times 10^4$$

The Nusselt number corresponding to this Reynolds number is

$$Nu = \frac{hD}{k} = 0.3 + \frac{0.62 \,\text{Re}^{0.5} \,\text{Pr}^{1/3}}{\left[1 + \left(0.4 / \,\text{Pr}\right)^{2/3}\right]^{1/4}} \left[1 + \left(\frac{\text{Re}}{282,000}\right)^{5/8}\right]^{4/5}$$
$$= 0.3 + \frac{0.62(6.228 \times 10^4)^{0.5} (0.7232)^{1/3}}{\left[1 + \left(0.4 / \,0.7232\right)^{2/3}\right]^{1/4}} \left[1 + \left(\frac{6.228 \times 10^4}{282,000}\right)^{5/8}\right]^{4/5} = 159.1$$

The heat transfer coefficient and the heat transfer rate become

$$h = \frac{k}{D} Nu = \frac{0.02724 \text{ W/m.}^{\circ}\text{C}}{0.08 \text{ m}} (159.1) = 54.17 \text{ W/m}^{2}.^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$A_{s} = \pi DL = \pi (0.08 \text{ m}) (1 \text{ m}) = 0.2513 \text{ m}^{2}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{conv} = hA_{s} (T_{s} - T_{\infty}) = (54.17 \text{ W/m}^{2}.^{\circ}\text{C}) (0.2513 \text{ m}^{2}) (90 - 7)^{\circ}\text{C} = 1130 \text{ W (per m length)}$$