**10-26** A 120-MW coal-fired steam power plant operates on a simple ideal Rankine cycle between the specified pressure limits. The overall plant efficiency and the required rate of the coal supply are to be determined.

Assumptions 1 Steady operating conditions exist. 2 Kinetic and potential energy changes are negligible.

Analysis (a) From the steam tables (Tables A-4, A-5, and A-6),

$$h_{1} = h_{f@ 15 \text{ kPa}} = 225.94 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$v_{1} = v_{f@ 15 \text{ kPa}} = 0.0010140 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{kg}$$

$$w_{p,\text{in}} = v_{1}(P_{2} - P_{1})$$

$$= (0.001014 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{kg})(9000 - 15 \text{ kPa}) \left(\frac{1 \text{ kJ}}{1 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^{3}}\right)$$

$$= 9.11 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_{2} = h_{1} + w_{p,\text{in}} = 225.94 + 9.11 = 235.05 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$P_{3} = 9 \text{ MPa} \mid h_{3} = 3512.0 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$T_{3} = 550^{\circ}\text{C} \quad \begin{cases} s_{3} = 6.8164 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K} \end{cases}$$

$$P_{4} = 15 \text{ kPa}$$

$$s_{4} = s_{3} \quad \begin{cases} x_{4} = \frac{s_{4} - s_{f}}{s_{fg}} = \frac{6.8164 - 0.7549}{7.2522} = 0.8358$$

$$h_{4} = h_{f} + x_{4}h_{fg} = 225.94 + (0.8358)(2372.4) = 2208.8 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

The thermal efficiency is determined from

$$q_{\text{in}} = h_3 - h_2 = 3512.0 - 235.05 = 3276.9 \text{ kJ/kg}$$
  
 $q_{\text{out}} = h_4 - h_1 = 2208.8 - 225.94 = 1982.9 \text{ kJ/kg}$ 

and

$$\eta_{\text{th}} = 1 - \frac{q_{\text{out}}}{q_{\text{in}}} = 1 - \frac{1982.9}{3276.9} = 0.3949$$

Thus,

$$\eta_{\text{overall}} = \eta_{\text{th}} \times \eta_{\text{comb}} \times \eta_{\text{gen}} = (0.3949)(0.75)(0.96) = 0.2843 = 28.4\%$$

(b) Then the required rate of coal supply becomes

$$\dot{Q}_{\text{in}} = \frac{\dot{W}_{\text{net}}}{\eta_{\text{overall}}} = \frac{120,000 \text{ kJ/s}}{0.2843} = 422,050 \text{ kJ/s}$$

and

$$\dot{m}_{\rm coal} = \frac{\dot{Q}_{\rm in}}{C_{\rm coal}} = \frac{422,050 \text{ kJ/s}}{29,300 \text{ kJ/kg}} = 14.404 \text{ kg/s} = 51.9 \text{ tons/h}$$